

MUTHAYAMMAL ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution)



(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi, Accredited by NAAC & Affiliated to Anna University)

Rasipuram - 637 408, Namakkal Dist., Tamil Nadu

DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT STUDIES

19MBA06 – Business Law Question Bank

Unit – I: Indian Contract Act, 1872

PART-A

- 1. What do you meant by Law?
- 2. What do you understand by Agreement?
- 3. State the concept of valid contract.
- 4. Define contract.
- 5. List out the formation of a contract.
- 6. State the meaning of performance of contracts.
- 7. What do you understand by Breach of contract?
- 8. List out the remedies for breach of contract?
- 9. What is "Consensus ad idem"?
- 10. Define Coercion.

PART-B

- 11.i. What are the essentials of a contact?ii. What is meant by discharge of contract? Discuss the various modes of discharging contract.
- 12.i.Explain the types of quasi contract.
 - ii.Explain the performance of the contract.
- 13.i.Explain the classification of contract with suitable case laws. ii.Explain the Capacity of the parties.
- 14.i.Briefly explain the Breach of contract and its remedies.
 - ii.What is the Discharge of the contract Discuss the various modes.
- 15.i.State that the various elements of valid contract.

ii.Explain the consideration and its essential of valid consideration.

Unit – II: Sales of Goods Act, 1930

PART-A

- 1. Definition "Sale".
- 2. Difference between conditions and warrantee.
- 3. What is "Doctrine of Caveat Emptor"?
- 4. List out –Modes of Delivery.
- 5. Define "Goods".
- 6. What is Property?
- 7. State the nature of Sales of Goods Act.
- 8. Who is an Unpaid Seller?
- 9. List out the classification of Goods.
- 10. State the difference between Sale and Hire purchase.

PART-B

- 11.i.Briefly explain about "Unpaid Seller" and its Rights.
 - ii.Discuss in detail implied condition and Implied Warranty.
- 12.i. What is sale contract? Discuss the nature of sales contract ii. Distinguish between sale and agreement to sell.
- 13.i.What is condition? When a condition may be treated as a warranty? ii.Discuss in detail implied condition.
- 14.i.Discuss the doctrine of Caveat Emptor. What are the exceptions to the doctrine of caveat emptor?
 - ii. What is delivery? Discuss the various rules of delivery.
- 15.i.Describe the features of Sales of goods Act.
 - ii.Explain the term "Let the buyer beware".

Unit – III: Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

PART-A

- 1. What is a Negotiable Instrument?
- 2. Write any five liabilities of the parties to a Negotiable Instrument?
- 3. Who are the parties involved in bill of exchange?
- 4. List out various types of bills.
- 5. Who is a holder in due course?
- 6. State the types in crossing?
- 7. Write any four Examples of Non-Negotiable Instruments.
- 8. Who is a Drawee?
- 9. What is bill of exchange? Who can accept a bill of exchange?
- 10. Difference between Holder and Holder in due course.

PART-B

11.i.Explain the essential conditions for the negotiable instruments.

ii. What is bill of exchange? Explain the various penalties in case of dishonor of certain cheque for insufficiency of funds in the amounts.

12.i.Describe the different modes of discharging a negotiable instrument and discharge of parties.

ii.Explain the special rules for cheques and drafts.

13.i.Discuss the various types of negotiable instruments.

ii.Examine in detail discharge of negotiable instruments.

14.i.Explain the difference between Promissory note and Bill of exchange ii.Write in detail nature and requisites of Negotiable Instruments 15.i.Explain the special rules for cheques and drafts. ii.Describe the privileges of a holder in due course.

Unit – IV: Companies Act, 1956

PART-A

- 1. Define a company.
- 2. Classify the companies on the basis of liability.
- 3. State any four differences between a public company and a private company
- 4. List out the formation of a company
- 5. Describe the meaning of memorandum of Association:
- 6. What are articles of Association?
- 7. Give any two differences between memorandum and Articles
- 8. What is the Prospectus?

9.. State the provisions of the companies Act regarding the mode of appointment of directors of a company?

10. State the modes of Removal of Directors

PART-B

11.i. What are the powers, duties and liabilities of a director?

ii. What are the characteristics of a company?

- 12.i.Define a company. Explain the classification of companies under the companies act, 1956. ii.Define memorandum of association. What are the various clauses associated with it?
- 13.i.What are the various modes in winding up a company?

ii. What are the steps involved in forming a public limited company?

14.i. What are the liabilities of a director in case of misstatement in prospectus?

ii. What are the special privileges of a private company? What is corporate veil? When it can be pierced? Explain about contents in prospectus.

- 15.i.Write a short notes on:
 - 1. Articles of Association
 - 2. Memorandum of Association
 - ii. State the various types of prospectus. What are its contents?

UNIT -V: Consumer Protection Act, 1986

PART-A

- 1. Define Consumer protection Act.
- 2. Sate any two objectives of consumer protection Act?
- 3. What are the various rights of consumers recognized under the consumer protections Act?
- 4. Who is consumer?
- 5. Define "Unfair" trade practice?
- 6. What is meant by restrictive trade practice?
- 7. Define Consumer Dispute.
- 8. Discuss about consumer disputes redressel agencies.
- 9. State the powers of the consumer forums?
- 10. Who can file complaint under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986?

PART-B

- 11.i."Consumer Protection Act and Consumer movements in India have reached the best destination"-Discuss
 - ii.Discuss the salient features of consumer protection act 1986.
- 12.i.Briefly explain the consumer disputes redressal commission as to its commission, jurisdiction and procedure to be followed to it.
 - ii.Discuss the various types of consumer redressal machineries and forums.
- 13.i.State the features of the consumer protection Act, 1986.
 - ii.Enumerate the various rights of the Consumers.
- 14.i.Explain the procedure for consumer grievances redressal under consumer protection Act ii."Consumer protection Act and consumer movements in India have reached the best

destination." Discuss.

- 15.i.Explain the Consumer Protection Act role in maintaining consumerism in India. ii.Short notes on :
 - 1. Complaint
 - 2. List of documents
 - 3. Affidavit
 - 4. Application for injunction.